

Benha University Faculty of commerce Department of statistics, Mathematics and insurance

On Control Charts For some Probability Distributions with Application

Bу

Mohamed Ahmed Abdel Aziz Saudi

SUPERVISED BY

Prof.

Zohdy Mohammed Nofal

Professor of Statistics and chairman, Department of Statistics, Mathematics and Insurance - Faculty of Commerce, Benha University Dr.

Salah Mahdy Mohamed

Associate Professor of Statistics, Faculty of Graduate Studies for Statistical Research, Cairo University

Dr.

Mahmoud Mansour Mohamed

Associate Professor of Statistics, Department of Statistics, Mathematics and Insurance - Faculty of Commerce, Benha University

A THESIS SUBMITTED TO The Department of Statistics, Mathematics and Insurance Benha University In partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Master degree in applied Statistics

2019

Abstract

Statistical Process Control (SPC) is a collection of statistical and analytical tools that may be used to attain process stability and variability reduction about the process target value. The most important tool in SPC is the control charts, which was introduced by Shewhart in the 1920'. A control chart monitors a production process based on information observed from individual items or subgroups of items from the process. The statistic is then plotted against the control chart's control limits. If the control chart statistic exceeds the control limits, the control chart will issue a sign shows that the process has changed. The thesis is concerned with two basic aspects: -

(1) The thesis is concerned with present a new Kumaraswamy Control Charts for Monitoring variable of Fraction Data (p chart). Kumaraswamy control chart assumes that the fraction data can be approximated with a Kumaraswamy distribution and proposes new control limits based on Kumaraswamy distribution.

Application used three examples of fractions data sets to compare the control limits proposed by Shewhart, Ryan (1989), Chenn (1998), Beta (2012) and Kumaraswamy charts.

(2) an attribute (np) control chart is developed for the new weibull pareto distribution under a time truncated life test. The performance evaluation of the proposed control chart is studied using the average run length (ARL). The tables are presented for various values of shape and scale parameter, sample size, specified ARL and shift constants. Numerical study is given to demonstrate the performance of the proposed control chart for monitoring of non-conforming items in the industries.